

ProjectTitle	ProjectCode	ProjectGroup	ProjectType	ProjectLocation	ProjectStart/Value1	ProjectActStart/Date	ProjectActStart/Date	IssueTitle	IssueFinding	IssueCategory	IssueUser/Category2	IssueUser/Category3	RecommendationTitle	RecommendationText	EstimatedImp/Date	TrackFlag
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	1. Integrated Approach toward Nexus	1. For the UNFPA programme to focus on Quality of care and services, Gender and social norms and Adolescents and youth focus areas with Population change and data mainstreamed across these areas in terms of a demographic evidence base underpinning all parts of the programme with an integrated approach towards developmental, humanitarian and peace building support (related to Conclusions 1 to 13, 18 and 21, priority high)	Accepted	Philippines CO	High	1. Focusing the programme on quality of care and services, gender and social norms, and adolescents and youth focus areas, informed by population change and data	1. The 9th CPD and the CP Implementation Plan incorporate the following key interventions: (a) Support the RPH Law implementation by providing policy advice to national government agencies (DOH, DSWD, PCW, etc.) to review and update their National SRH and GBV Strategies and Action Plans and in place/strengthen responsive M&E mechanisms to follow through on their implementation (b) Opportunities provided by the devolution process will be maximized by building the capacity of priority local government units to analyze population and programme data to identify gaps, and to develop/review, mobilize resources for, and monitor and evaluate comprehensive, intersectional and inclusive SRHR, gender equality, youth empowerment, and population policies and plans across the RPH continuum; (c) Policy advice will be provided to the National Department of Education in updating their costed CSE Roadmap, particularly to scale up implementation of in-school CSE, expand the training of teachers in priority regions and monitor and evaluate adherence to standards, and engage and advocate with the BARMM Ministry of Education to integrate CSE in their existing Comprehensive Gender and Health Education for Youth (CGHEY) programme; (d) For out-of-school CSE, a consortium of CSOs will be covered to develop, pilot-test, evaluate, and scale up effective and sustainable out-of-school CSE models reaching poor adolescent girls and youth with high-risk behaviors; (e) Evidence will be generated from the analysis of the National Transfer Accounts, the Longitudinal Cohort Study on the Filipino Child and the Demographic and Health Survey to deepen understanding on the reduction of adolescent pregnancies and enhanced use of family planning and better understand these changes in particular the extent to which these are part of longer-term trends or specifically related to conditions induced by the COVID-19 pandemic as well as the specific needs and requirements for access of the most vulnerable groups; (f) Within the priority regions, champions among men and boys, religious and traditional leaders, faith-based, women's and youth organizations, and traditional and social media will be mapped and engaged and their capacities developed to understand and promote respect for human rights, including gender-equitable behaviours, through value-based dialogues and SSTC on social and gender norms transformation; (g) Supporting the CSO and DOH to strengthen existing GBV referral pathways and continue the advocacy for scaling up GBV response mechanisms, along with other relevant stakeholders who comprise national and sub-national GBV coordination mechanisms; and (h) Informing UNFPA support with a conflict analysis, including the relation between GBV and conflict and following through on support to women in communities, e.g. BWAAB, WFS facilitators, etc., enhancing their social development role in local society.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	2. Leaving No One Behind	2. For UNFPA in the next programme cycle to provide a clear 'Leaving No One Behind' perspective to the programme, in close cooperation with Government of Philippines and sister UN agencies in order to ensure reaching of left behind groups in the last full programme cycle before 2030 (related to Conclusions 1, 2, 4, 11, 12, 16, 20 and 22, priority high)	Accepted	Philippines CO	High	2. Providing a clear LNOB perspective to the programme	2. The 9th CPD and CP Implementation Plan recognize the importance of safeguarding SRHR and strengthening the agency of women, adolescent girls, those with disabilities, from indigenous communities and LGBTI, and were developed and will be implemented in consultation with Government, CSOs, other UN organizations, and development partners. Both documents include the following key interventions to demonstrate the integration of LNOB in the CO's programming approach: (a) concept for innovative approaches to cover marginalized populations (e.g. poor who are not covered by existing social protection programmes such as the Conditional Cash Transfer, indigenous populations, women with disabilities, women deprived of liberty), etc.) with essential SRHR services developed in consultation with government; (b) supporting the BARMM Ministry of Health and Ministry of Social Services and Development to develop the BARMM Regional Strategies and Action Plans for SRH and GBV, with particular focus on left behind groups among women, adolescents and youth; and (c) developing effective and sustainable out-of-school CSE models reaching poor adolescent girls and youth with high-risk behaviors in collaboration with CSO and government partners who will comprise the COS-CSE consortium, including models for effective CSE-ASRH services linkage and convergence.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	3. Adapting CO staffing setup to CP9 needs	3. Adapt the UNFPA CO staffing setup and the programme support functions in line with the requirements of the strategic direction of the programme (related to conclusion 7, 12 and 18, priority intermediate)	Accepted	Philippines CO	Intermediate	3. Adapting CO staffing setup to CP9 needs	3. In response to the PRC's comment on the need to transform the CO into a "think tank" under the CP9 with transformational change reinforced during the policy dialogue, the CO will receive support from APRD and HQ to initiate an HR realignment exercise in 2024 that would ensure availability of adequate human resources and technical expertise. During the CP development process, the CO will assess needs in health economy, and health systems strengthening across the humanitarian-development continuum, and strengthening UNFPA's strategic position in BARMM with adequate strategic program coordinator.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	4. Adaptation to Localized Implementation	4. Adapt the programme implementation at the national and sub-national level in line with the requirement of the Mandanas-Garcia ruling and the UHC legislation (related to conclusions 2, 3, 5, 17, priority high)	Accepted	Philippines CO	High	4. Adapting programme implementation at national and sub-national levels	4. In the 9th CPD and CP Implementation Plan, the Country Office will collaborate with key national agencies to assist Local Government Units (LGUs) in developing and implementing Costed Implementation Plans on Family Planning, Comprehensive Sexuality Education, Women and Child Protection Units, and Minimum Initial Service Package for SRH and GBV, particularly the integration of these plans into regional and LGU development plans, with a focus on women, adolescents and youth, and marginalized groups. The CP will operate at macro, mezzo, and micro levels, focusing on policy advocacy and implementation, building LGU capacity, and addressing social norms. Partnerships with the Department of Health and the Department of Social Welfare and Development will be formalized through Memoranda of Understanding during CP9 to ensure the availability, accessibility and quality of SRH and GBV services especially for left behind groups. UNFPA will support selected provinces in priority regions in Luzon (Region 5), Visayas (Regions 7 and 8) and Mindanao (BARMM) in humanitarian action preparedness, conducting assessments of readiness and resilience in 2024, followed by capacity-building modules to improve preparedness plans. Consistent with the devolution process and the implementation of the Universal Health Care (UHC) Law, integrated capacity-building modules will be developed to enhance LGU implementation of SRH and Gender-Based Violence (GBV) initiatives at the local level, informed by policy and service availability and functionality mapping assessments. Furthermore, efforts will extend to island provinces such as Sulu, Basilan, and Tawi Tawi, with coordination starting through the Cotabato Sub-Office. A strategy and resource mobilization will support these initiatives.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	5. Enhanced evidence- and results-based programming	5. For UNFPA to enhance evidence based and results-based programming, both in development, humanitarian and peace building contexts (related to conclusions 1, 5, 8, 9, 11, 14, 20, 21, priority high)	Accepted	Philippines CO	High	5. Evidence-based programming	5. The Country Office is launching a robust data management strategy to bolster its capacity for implementing Results-Based Management. This initiative entails ensuring that administrative data, pertinent knowledge and information, research findings, assessments, and evaluation results are easily accessible to all staff and stakeholders. At the onset of the current Country Programme (CP), an M&E strategy is being developed alongside several concept notes. These documents are designed to facilitate relevant processes, particularly in ensuring that the implementation and operationalization of CP9 and other government-related programs are grounded in evidence and driven by data.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	6. Think-tank for evidence-based policymaking	6. Use UNFPA's leverage as a knowledge manager to spearhead support to evidence-based policy making with the use of population data (conclusions 8, 9, 14, 16, priority intermediate)	Accepted	Philippines CO	Intermediate	6. Leveraging knowledge manager role to support evidence-based policymaking	6. Under the 9th CPD and CP Implementation Plan, the Country Office is committed to developing a knowledge management strategy, leveraging existing knowledge and prioritizing ongoing knowledge generation. This includes enhancing information and data analysis on crucial population and development issues, with a particular emphasis on SRHR and Gender considerations. To ensure effective utilization, data will be translated into advocacy and communications products (e.g. policy briefs, infographics) and disseminated through various channels (e.g. high-level roundtable discussions, stakeholders' fora, traditional and social media). The CO will facilitate the exchange of best practices and expertise from regional and international contexts to inform policy and program relevance. This sharing of experiences aims to benefit not only key government actors but also other vulnerable and marginalized groups, ensuring that policies and programs are both inclusive and evidence-based. Key interventions include: (a) generating evidence, including from the National Transfer Accounts, the Longitudinal Cohort Study on the Filipino Child and the Demographic and Health Survey, to inform policy recommendations that address the SRHR, GBV, gender equality, youth empowerment, respect for human rights, and implications of the demographic transition; and (b) building the Philippine Statistics Authority's capacity to regularly collect, analyze, and communicate timely, reliable, and sex, age and disability disaggregated population-level data on population changes and megatrends (including ageing, climate change) for use in social and climate change and disaster risk reduction policies.	12/31/2024	YES

Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	7. Partnerships	7. Enhance UNFPA's Partnerships and ensure a balanced approach between partners at national, sub-national and local levels, apt to support the implementation of the 9th CP in the Philippines (related to conclusions 3, 20, 21, priority high).	Accepted	Philippines CO	High	7. Adopting a macro, mezo, and micro approach to partnerships	7. In the 9th CPD, there is a focus on driving change at the level of critical actors and systems at national, regional and local levels by strengthening coordination and accountability mechanisms and enhancing their capabilities as decision-makers to ensure continuous provision of high-quality, integrated, comprehensive and affordable SRH and GBV services for the most left behind populations. CPD will be implemented at national level for purposes of SRHR policy advocacy and in selected provinces of the targeted regions – V, VII, VIII and BARMM – to co-develop with the Government sustainable and replicable implementation models that can reform the review and enhancement of existing national policies as well as to maximize the opportunity brought about by the increased resources to support devolution of basic services to local governments. Key interventions include providing technical assistance to national agencies to develop evidence-informed national policies and strategies/action plans for SRHR and capacity building of local governments to integrate SRHR into their development plans. Additionally, under CPD, the CO will broaden stakeholder involvement, including the private sector, to mobilize technical and financial resources for SRHR policy advocacy, demand generation, and service delivery.	12/31/2024	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	8. Gender Equality, Stability, and Social Inclusion Approach	8. For UNFPA Philippines to prioritize Gender Equality, Disability and Social Inclusion approach in its programming, in order to strengthen programmatic interventions, and in response to growing interest of funders in this area (related to conclusions 6, 7, 10, 13, 15, 16, 22, priority intermediate).	Accepted	Philippines CO	Intermediate	8. Prioritizing GESDI approach in CO programming	8. In the 9th CPD, a significant focus lies on challenging discriminatory gender and social norms, with interventions aimed at promoting gender equality, disability, and social inclusion. Key interventions adopted in the CPD and CP Implementation Plan include: (a) policy advocacy to scale up in-school CSE and to model out-of-school CSE in partnership with the Government and CSOs; (b) developing and evaluating evidence-informed social and gender norm change initiatives covering SRHR and GBV prevention, including child marriage and adolescent pregnancy, targeting specific groups at policy and community levels; (c) building partnerships with faith-based, women's and youth organizations, traditional and social media, champions among religious and traditional leaders, men and boys, and developing their capacities to understand and promote respect for human rights, including gender-equitable behaviours, through value-based dialogues and SSTO on social and gender norms transformation; and (d) building partnerships with local CSOs and community-based organizations, strengthening their capacities, and advocating for their meaningful participation and decision-making in governance mechanisms to champion gender equality, women's empowerment and SRHR of the marginalized. Lessons from these interventions will be documented for learning and to support the advocacy for their scale up and institutionalization.	12/31/2025	YES
Philippines Country Programme Evaluation	2023	Philippines CO	Country Programme Evaluation (CPE)	AP	2019-2023	1/1/15	5/30/16	9. Humanitarian Approach to Resilience Building and Anticipatory Action	9. For UNFPA Philippines to orient its approach to humanitarian action towards resilience building and anticipatory action at national and sub-national levels with a specific focus on peace-building in Mindanao and with support to disaster response depending on national and sub-national level requests from government agencies (related to conclusions 2, 13, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, priority intermediate).	Accepted	Philippines CO	Intermediate	9. Humanitarian action towards resilience building at national and sub-national levels with specific focus on peace-building in Mindanao	9. In the 9th CPD, one Output is focused on strengthening the capacity of national and sub-national duty bearers in resilience programming and humanitarian preparedness and response across the humanitarian-development continuum, to provide lifesaving SRH and GBV interventions and to safeguard the rights of women and girls, especially those furthest left behind. More specifically, the following key interventions have been adopted in the CPD and CP Implementation Plan to deliver this result: (a) building government capacity in anticipatory action, integrating and investing in the MSRP for SRH and GBV in national and local disaster risk reduction and management plans; (b) strengthening national and subnational SRH and GBV coordination mechanisms that are functional across humanitarian-development contexts; (c) supporting continued availability and accessibility of life-saving SRH and GBV services during emergencies through prepositioning of essential supplies in strategic hubs, deployment of regional SRH and GBV surge teams, and coordinating with national partners on mobilizing alternative service-delivery models like mobile health units; and (d) supporting the Government to scale up transformation and engagement of women and young people in provinces affected by humanitarian emergencies and conflicts in BARMM as para-social workers, women-friendly space facilitators, and early warning and early response monitors who function as SRH watch, GBV advocates and peacebuilding champions in affected communities. Implementation of these interventions will be the shared responsibility and accountability of each of the Country Office development-oriented teams working in close collaboration with CO staff overseeing the humanitarian portfolio to ensure that the nexus approach and perspective is consistently applied.	12/31/2024	YES