

				UNFPA	
Organizational unit:	UNFPA Burundi Country Office		Year of report:	2016	
Title of evaluation report:	EVALUATION FINALE DU 7ème PROGRAMME DE COOF	ERATION	BURUNDI – UNFPA 2010 – 2015		
Overall quality of report:	Good		Date of assessment:	9 December 2016	
-	The evaluation is rated good and covers the country programme. We the methodology was designed and implemented, the findings are solir recommendations to the country office for the next planning period approvides a good technique.	d and are base	ed on clearly expressed evidence, the conclu	sions flow from this and the	
Assessment Levels	Very Good strong, above average, best practice Good satisfactory, respectable	Fair	with some weaknesses, still acceptable Unsatisfactory	weak, does not meet minimal quality standards	
Quality Assessment	t Criteria	Insert <u>asse</u>	essment level followed by main <u>comments</u> . (use cells corresponding colour)	s 'shading' function to give	
I. Structure and Cl	arity of Reporting	Yes No Partial	Assessmen	t Level: Fair	
To ensure the report is o	comprehensive and user-friendly	a uldi	Comment: The evaluation has the expected	d content and iis the	
To ensure the report is comprehensive and user-friendly 1. Is the report easy to read and understand (i.e. written in an accessible language appropriate for the intended audience) with minimal grammatical, spelling or punctuation errors?			required length. It is drafted, however, in a For example, the Executive Summary is the a self-standing text since it is structured aln all of the requested sections are present bu	e correct length, but is not nost like an outline, where	
Is the report of a reasonable length? (maximum pages for the main report, excluding annexes: 60 for institutional evaluations; 70 for CPEs; 80 for thematic evaluations)			read format. There is a reference to the intended audience ("Le rapport pourrait être utilisé comme document de référence par les principales parties prenantes du programme (UNFPA, partenaires nationaux, autres partenaires techniques et financiers (PTF).") The annexes include the expected material, although the list of documents used and sites consulted is said not to be inclusive.		
3. Is the report structured in a logical way? Is there a clear distinction made between analysis/findings, conclusions, recommendations and lessons learned (where applicable)?					
4. Do the annexes contain — at a minimum — the ToRs; a bibliography; a list of interviewees; the evaluation matrix; methodological tools used (e.g. interview guides; focus group notes, outline of surveys) as well as information on the stakeholder consultation process?					
Executive summary	ummary included in the report, written as a stand-alone		_		
	ting the main results of the evaluation?	Partial			
	cture of the executive summary, (i.e. i) Purpose, including intended ives and brief description of intervention; iii) Methodology; iv) Main imendations)?	Yes			
7. Is the executive sun	nmary reasonably concise (e.g. with a maximum length of 5 pages)?	Yes			
2. Design and Meth	odology	Yes No Partial	Assessmen	t Level: Fair	
To ensure that the evalu	lation is put within its context		Comment: The evaluation's purpose and c	•	
I. Does the evaluation	n describe the target audience for the evaluation?	Partial	and the target is probably the country office reconstructs the intervention logic and it in	•	
2. Is the developme described and cons	ent and institutional context of the evaluation clearly traints explained?	Yes	However, it does not clearly describe the o	data collection process, nenu of documents,	
	ion report describe the reconstruction of the intervention of change, and assess the adequacy of these?	Yes	interviews and focus groups. The persons are in the focus groups are listed in the and the text and the basis for selection (other t	nex, but are not shown in	
To ensure a rigorous des	sign and methodology		another office, like UNFPA) is not describe		
evaluation matrix?	framework clearly described in the text and in the Does the evaluation matrix establish the evaluation ions, indicators, data sources and methods for data	Yes	persons interviewed, the stakeholders are of the limitation of the data collection proc there is appropriate consideration of gende	ess are described and	
5. Are the tools for da	ata collection described and their choice justified?	Partial			
	ensive stakeholder map? Is the stakeholder consultation process articular, does it include the consultation of key stakeholders on draft	No			

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7. Are the methods for analysis clearly described for all types of data?	Partial	
8. Are methodological limitations acknowledged and their effect on the evaluation described? (Does the report discuss how any bias has been overcome?)	Yes	
9. Is the sampling strategy described?	No	
10. Does the methodology enable the collection and analysis of disaggregated data?	Yes	
11. Is the design and methodology appropriate for assessing the cross-cutting issues (equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights)?	Yes	
3. Reliability of Data	Yes	
s. Renability of Data	No Partial	Assessment Level: Fair
To ensure quality of data and robust data collection processes	i ai ciai	Comment: The evaluators state that they triangulated the data and
Did the evaluation triangulate data collected as appropriate?	Yes	there is indication of this. They used both quantitative and qualitative data. In some areas, especially relating to effectiveness, the causal
Did the evaluation clearly identify and make use of reliable qualitative and quantitative data sources?	Yes	connection with UNFPA work is not clear. For example, the evaluators report that "Le nombre de structures sanitaires assurant
3. Did the evaluation make explicit any possible limitations (bias, data gaps etc.) in primary		les fonctions SONUB est passé de 5en 2010 à 19 en 2015au niveau national. La disponibilité de l'offre par fonction SONUC était de 17 er
and secondary data sources and if relevant, explained what was done to minimize such issues?	Partial	2010 et de 46 en 2015 (Enquête SPSR de 2015) « but the connection of UNFPA advice or other output to this result is not clear and this
4. Is there evidence that data has been collected with a sensitivity to issues of discrimination and other ethical considerations?	Partial	limitation is not noted. The evaluators noted that they used UNEG standards on discrimination and ethical considerations.
4. Analysis and Findings	Yes	
	No Partial	Assessment Level: Good
To ensure sound analysis and credible findings	i ai ciai	Comment: The information is presented by evaluation question and
I. Are the findings substantiated by evidence?	Yes	generally indicates findings supported by data. The focus is on whether the government programme being assisted can demonstrate
2. Is the basis for interpretations carefully described?	Yes	results. However, in a number of cases in effectiveness the connection between the observed result and the UNFPA output expected to made the result happen is not obvious. For example, the
3. Is the analysis presented against the evaluation questions?	Yes	evaluators report that "Le nombre de structures sanitaires assurant les fonctions SONUB est passé de 5en 2010 à 19 en 2015au niveau
4. Is the analysis transparent about the sources and quality of data?	Partial	national. La disponibilité de l'offre par fonction SONUC était de 17 er 2010 et de 46 en 2015 (Enquête SPSR de 2015) « but the connection
5. Are cause and effect links between an intervention and its end results		of UNFPA advice or other output to this result is not clear. In other
explained and any unintended outcomes highlighted?	Partial	sections, however, the causal connections are clear and the findings
		well-supported and balanced, by showing that UNFPA-supported
6. Does the analysis show different outcomes for different target groups, as relevant?	Yes	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their
6. Does the analysis show different outcomes for different target groups, as relevant? 7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors?	Yes	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextua
		training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect
7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors? 8. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights?	Yes	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextua
7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors? 8. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights?	Yes Yes Yes No	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextua
7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors? 8. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights?	Yes Yes	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextua factors are consistently taken into account.
7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors? 8. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights? 5. Conclusions	Yes Yes Yes No	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextual factors are consistently taken into account. Assessment Level: Very good Comment: Although it is drafted in an outline style which makes its reading somewhat difficult, the conclusions flow directly from the
7. Is the analysis presented against contextual factors? 8. Does the analysis elaborate on cross-cutting issues such as equity and vulnerability, gender equality and human rights? 5. Conclusions	Yes Yes Yes No Partial	training, for example, improved participation of women in political processes. The sources of data are consistently shown, but their quality is not always indicated. Gender generally is a major issue and well-addressed in the analysis and findings. The findings reflect different perspectives of stakeholders in the presentation. Contextua factors are consistently taken into account. Assessment Level: Very good Comment: Although it is drafted in an outline style which makes its

6. Recommendations	Yes		
	No	Assessment Level:	Very good
	Partial		, 0
To ensure the usefulness and clarity of recommendations	1	Comment: Again, the formatting is unusual (comple	etely tabular in this
Do recommendations flow logically from conclusions?	Yes	case), but the recommendations are shown clearly conclusions and are assigned a priority. All are add	
2. Are the recommendations clearly written, targeted at the intended users and		country office and are intended to affect the next	
action-oriented (with information on their human, financial and technical	Yes	programme.	,
implications)?			
3. Do recommendations appear balanced and impartial?	Yes		
4. Is a timeframe for implementation proposed?	Yes		
5. Are the recommendations prioritised and clearly presented to facilitate appropriate		1	
management response and follow up on each specific recommendation?	Yes		
	T.	1	
7. Gender	0		
	1	Assessment Level:	Very good
	3 (**)		
To assess the integration of Gender Equality and Empowerment of Women (GEEW) (*)	- ()	Comment: : The programme gives a high importa	nce to gender and
I. Is GEEW integrated in the evaluation scope of analysis and indicators designed in a way		it is built carefully into UNFPA work. The evaluati	on criteria include
that ensures GEEW-related data to be collected?	3	determining how effective UNFPA support has bee	
		methodology used acquires good information abou	it gender. The
2. Do evaluation criteria and evaluation questions specifically address how GEEW has been		findings lead to a series of key recommendations fo	or improvement.
integrated into design, planning, implementation of the intervention and the results	3	3	
achieved?			
3. Have gender-responsive evaluation methodology, methods and tools, and data analysis		1	
techniques been selected?	2		
4. Do the evaluation findings, conclusions and recommendations reflect a gender analysis?	,]	
	3		

- (*) This assessment criteria is fully based on the UN-SWAP Scoring Tool, see Annex 7. Each sub-criteria shall be equally weighted (in correlation with the calculation in the tool and totalling the scores 11-12 = very good, 8-10 = good, 4-7 = Fair, 0-3=unsatisfactory).
- (**) Scoring uses a four point scale (0-3).

 0 = Not at all integrated. Applies when none of the elements under a criterion are met.
- I = Partially integrated. Applies when some minimal elements are met but further progress is needed and remedial action to meet the standard is required.

Overall Evaluation Quality Assessment

		Assessment Levels (*)			
Quality assessment criteria (scoring points*)	Ver	y good	Good	Fair	Unsatisfactory
				7	
Structure and clarity of reporting, including executive summary (7)				,	
2. Design and methodology (13)				13	
3. Reliability of data (11)				11	
4. Analysis and findings (40)			40		
5. Conclusions (11)		Ξ			
6. Recommendations (11)		П			
7. Integration of gender (7)		7			
Total scoring points		29	40	31	
Overall assessment level of evaluation report			Good		
	Ver	y good	Good	Fair	Unsatisfactory
		very	confident to	use with caution	not confident to
	conf	fident to	use		use
		use			

(*) (a) Insert scoring points associated with criteria in corresponding column (e.g if 'Analysis and findings' ha (b) Assessment level with highest 'total scoring points' determines 'Overall assessment level of evaluation repo (c) Use 'shading' function to give cells corresponding colour.		
If the overall assessment is 'Fair', please explain		
• How it can be used?		
 What aspects to be cautious about? Where relevant, please explain the overall assessment Very good, Good or Unsatisfactory While there were some issues in the methodology and in the way in which the evaluation was presented, its fir recommendations that can be taken into account in the preparation of the next country programme. 	ndings were sound, lec	d to excellent conclusions and
Consideration of significant constraints		
The quality of this evaluation report has been hampered by exceptionally difficult circumstances:	□ _{Yes}	☑ No
If yes, please explain:		